#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

# (1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	Engineering			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Mechanical Engineering			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate			
COURSE CODE	ОП1600		SEMESTER	7th
COURSE TITLE	Simulation in Industrial Production			
if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
	Lectures, labo	ratory exercises	5	6
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialized general knowledge, skills development	General background			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	-			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	No			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://www.mie.uth.gr/?page_id=18385⟨=en			

# (2) LEARNINGOUTCOMES

## Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher EducationArea
- $\bullet \quad \textit{Descriptors} for \textit{Levels6,7\&8} of the \textit{EuropeanQualificationsFramework} for \textit{LifelongLearning} and \textit{AppendixB}$
- Guidelines for writing LearningOutcomes

Learning the capabilities of modern simulation systems, understanding the modeling and simulation methodologies, familiarizing students and future engineers with simulation application development environments, and utilizing the know-how in developing support applications for industrial enterprise production systems.

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Introduce the basic principles of simulation
- Develop simple, but also complex, models of production systems that form the basis of more complex systems
- Verify models using Markovian procedures and basic tail theory results
- Perform statistical analysis of simulation results
- Understand the advantages and disadvantages of specialized simulation software.

## **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, Project planning and management

with the use of thenecessarytechnology Respect for differenceandmulticulturalism Adapting to

newsituations Respect for the naturalenvironment

Decision-making Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and

Workingindependently sensitivity to genderissues
Teamwork Criticism andself-criticism

Working in aninternationalenvironment Production of free, creative andinductive thinking Working in

aninterdisciplinaryenvironment ....

Production of newresearchideas Others...

- Search, analyze and synthesize data and information using the necessary technologies
- Working independently
- Teamwork
- Decision- making
- Project planning and management
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

## (3) SYLLABUS

Basic concepts, the nature of the simulation, the structure of a simulation model, modeling systems, advantages and disadvantages. Elements and organization of a partial simulation model, system specifications and model performance, distributed simulation and combined continuous / partial simulation.

Simulation software and simulation languages, model development approaches, comparisons, validations and tests of the simulation model's validity and effectiveness. Statistical procedures, standard and probability distributions, comparisons of the results of simulation experiments and the initial system specifications.

The objectives of simulation in industrial production, special simulation software for industrial applications, case studies and use of quality simulation applications of industrial production systems, application development, description and analysis of problems and simulation results.

# (4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face	
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	. 400 10 1400	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory o	education, communication with
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	students	,
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	70
described in detail.	Laboratory practice	35
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Essay writing	45
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,		
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art		
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,		
etc.		
The student's study hours for each learning		
activity are given as well as the hours of non-	Course total (25 hours of	150
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	workload per ECTS credits)	

## STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

## Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open- ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

I. Final exams (70%):

II. Exercises (30%)

## (5) ATTACHEDBIBLIOGRAPHY

## -Suggested bibliography:

- "Simulation Modeling and Arena", Manuel D. Rosseti, John Wiley & Sons, 2015.
- "Simulation with Arena", David W. Kelton, McGraw-Hill Higher Education, 2014.
- "Discrete Event System Simulation", Jerry Banks, John S. Carson, Barry L. Nelson, David M. Nicol, Prentice Hall, 2010.
- "Simulation Modeling and Analysis with Arena", Tayfur Altiok, and Benjamin Melamed, Academic Press, 2007.
- "Simulation with Arena", David Kelton., Randall Sadowski, Deborah Sadowski, 2nd ed., McGraw-Hill.2002
- "Simulation Modeling & Analysis", Averill M. Law and W. David Kelton., 3rd ed., McGraw-Hill, 2000 "Discrete-Event System Simulation", J. Banks, J. S. Carson, B. L. Nelson, Prentice-Hall, 1996
- "Modeling and Simulation", HartmutBossel, A. K. Peters Ltd, 1994
- "Discrete Systems Simulation", B. Khoshnevis, McGraw-Hill, 1994
  "Modeling and Analysis of Manufacturing Systems", R.G. Askin and C.R Standridge, John Wiley & Sons, 1993
- "Simulation Modeling & Analysis", Averill M. Law and W. David Kelton., 2nd ed., McGraw-Hill, 1991
- "Computer Modelling for Discrete Simulation", Michael Pidd, John Wiley & Sons, 1989
- "How to write simulations using microcomputers", D. Ellison, J.C. Tunnicliffe Wilson, McGraw-Hill, 1984

## - Related academic journals:

- International Journal of Modeling, Simulation, and Scientific Computing
- SimulationModelingPractice and Theory
- Scientific Modeling and Simulation
- International Journal of Simulation and Process Modeling
- International Journal of Engineering Systems Modeling and Simulation