### **COURSE OUTLINE**

(1) GENERAL

(1) GENERAL				
SCHOOL	Engineering			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Mechanical Engineering			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate			
COURSE CODE	EN0202	SEMESTER 6		
COURSE TITLE	Fluid Mechanics II			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES			WEEKLY	CREDITS
if credits are awarded for separate components of the course,			TEACHING	
e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded			HOURS	
for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and				
the total credits				
		Lectures	5	6
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	General back	ground		
general background, special				
background, specialized general				
knowledge, skills development				
	There are no prerequisite courses. It is recommended that students			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	who are interested in attending the course have completed successfully			
	following course: Fluid Mechanics I.			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek	Greek		
EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (tutoring)			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://mie.uth.gr/?page_id=18341			

# (2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### **Learning outcomes**

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher EducationArea
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
   Guidelines for writing LearningOutcomes

After successful completion of the course the student will be able to

- · Understand the Euler equation and the concepts of irrotational flow and flow potential
- Be able to do basic superposition of potential flows
- · Understand the Navier Stokes equation
- Use the Navier Stokes equation to solve simple laminar real flows
- Know the basic non dimensional numbers in fluid mechanics
- Able to determine the non-dimensional numbers that define a flow by use of the Buckingham Π theorem and by observation
- Use non dimensional numbers to make flow models
- Understand the differences between laminar and turbulent flow
- Know the characteristics of laminar and turbulent boundary layers
- Calculate the entrance length of pipes
- Calculate pressure drop in pipes with bends, junctions, valves, contractions and expansions
- · Understand the principles of operation of venturi, nozzle and float flow meters
- · Understand the concepts of dynamic lift and drag
- · Distinguish between form and friction drag
- Calculate the Dynamic lift and drag of a body in a flow

#### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, Project planning and management

with the use of thenecessary technology Respect for differenceand multiculturalism

Adapting to new situations Respect for the naturalenvironment

Decision-making Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and

Working independently sensitivity to gender issues
Team work Criticism and self-criticism

Working in an international environment Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Working in an interdisciplinary environment ..... Production of new

research ideas Others...

.....

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information with the use of the necessary technology
- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

#### (3) SYLLABUS

#### 1. Differential Analysis of Fluid Flow

Fluid Element Kinematics, Conservation of Mass, The Linear Momentum Equation, Inviscid Flow, Some Basic Plane Potential Flows, Superposition of Basic, Plane Potential Flows, Viscous Flow, Some Simple Solutions for Laminar, Viscous, Incompressible Flows

#### 2. Dimensional Analysis, Similitude, and Modelling

Buckingham Pi Theorem, Determination of Pi Terms, Determination of Pi Terms by Inspection, Common Dimensionless Groups in Fluid Mechanics, Correlation of Experimental Data, Modelling and Similitude, Some Typical Model Studies, Similitude Based on Governing Differential Equations

3.	Viscous Flow in Pipes
	General Characteristics of Pipe Flow, Fully Developed Laminar Flow, Fully Developed
	Turbulent Flow, Dimensional Analysis of Pipe Flow, Pipe Flow Examples, Pipe Flowrate
	Measurement
4.	Flow Over Immersed Bodies
	General External Flow Characteristics, Lift and Drag Concepts, Drag, Lift

# - Suggested bibliography:

- Munson, B.R., Okiishi,T.H., Huebsch W.W., Rothmayer, A.P., "Fluid Mechanics", 8th edition
- Λιακόπουλος Α., "Μηχανική Ρευστών", 2η Έκδοση
- Elger, D.F., Williams, B.C., Crowe, C.T., Roberson, J.A., " Engineering Fluid Mechanics ", 12th edition
- Cengel, Y.A., Cimbala, J., " Fluid Mechanics Fundamentals and Applications ", 3rd edition *Related academic journals:* 
  - Annual review of fluid mechanics
  - Environmental fluid mechanics
  - European journal of mechanics b-fluids
  - Experimental thermal and fluid science
  - Experiments in fluids
  - Journal of visualization
  - Journal of fluid mechanics

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING MI	ETHODS -	
EVALUATION		
DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY  Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	65
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis	Self Study	85
of bibliography, tutorials, placements,		
clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational		
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
The student's study hours for each		
The stadent's stady modify for each		
learning activity are given as well as		
learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study		
learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study		
learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study	Course total	150

(4) • Physical review fluids• Physics of fluids

# STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, shortanswer questions, open- ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Written final exams (100%)
Language of evaluation: Greek
Evaluation type: Summative
Exam format: Problem solving

## (5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY