COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	Engineering			
	Mechanical Engineering			
	Undergraduate CFASCED 4th			
	OΠ1300 SEMESTER 4 th			
COURSE TITLE	Mathematical Programming			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES		WEEKLY		
if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g.			TEACHING	CREDITS
lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for			HOURS	
the whole of the				
course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits				
	Lectures, Pra	actical Exercises	5	6
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	Core			
general background, special				
background, specialized general knowledge, skills development				
	There are no prerequisite courses. It is recommended that students who are			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	interested in attending the course have completed successfully the following course: Linear Programming.			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek			
EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	No			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://www.mie.uth.gr/?page_id=17836			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course requires an understanding of basic concepts of linear programming and its objective is to introduce the students to the key methodologies of non-linear and dynamic programming. The focus is on understanding various optimization techniques and on learning the theory upon which these techniques rely. After the end of the class, the students will be familiar with the development of the necessary skills for formulating related problems, using advanced tools to solve them, and comparing alternative solutions. In particular, after successful completion of the course, the students should be in position to:

- formulate a nonlinear optimization problem
- apply an algorithmic solution methodology
- validate the identified solution using some optimization software
- perform sensitivity analysis for the comparative evaluation of alternative scenarios
- check if a given solution satisfies necessary/sufficient optimality conditions
- identify and characterize deterministic and stochastic dynamic programming problems
- check if necessary conditions for the application of the dynamic programming methodology
- define stages/states/decisions/objective function in dynamic programing problems
- apply the dynamic programming solution methodology

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, Project planning and management with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment

Decision-making
Working independently
Team work
Working in an international environment
thinking Working in an interdisciplinary environment
Production of new research ideas

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Criticism and self-criticism
Production of free, creative and inductive
.....
Others...

- Retrieve, analyze and synthesize data and information, with the use of necessary technologies
- Autonomous Work
- Decision Making
- Design and project management
- Exercise judgement and self-evaluation
- Development of free, innovative and inductive thinking
- Development of new research ideas
- Team Work

(3) SYLLABUS

Review of linear programming. Introduction to nonlinear programming - Convexity of functions and sets. Problems without constraints. Problems with constraints. Lagrange multipliers - Karush Kuhn Tucker optimality conditions. Dynamic Programming - The Principle of Bellman. Optimality conditions. Problems with a finite horizon - Problems with an infinite horizon.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	In class lectures.			
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	in class rectares.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Usage of ICT for education (support of the learning process through the course's website), for research activities (search			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	of bibliographic resources on the web) and communication with students (e-mail)			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements,	Lectures	70		
	Self-evaluating exercises	30		
	Autonomous work	50		
	Course Total	150		
clinical practice, art workshop,				
interactive teaching, educational visits,				
project, essay writing, artistic				
creativity, etc.				
The student's study hours for each				
learning activity are given as well as the				
hours of non- directed study according				
to the principles of the ECTS				

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, shortanswer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- I. Written final exam (60%)
- II. Midterm (30%)
- III. Homework (10%)

The evaluation criteria are made known to the students at the beginning of the semester and are posted on the course's website.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Βασιλείου Π.Χ., Γεωργίου Α. (1996). Μη Γραμμικές Μέθοδοι Βελτιστοποίησης. Εκδόσεις Ζήτη, Θεσσαλονίκη.

Λυμπερόπουλος Γ, Ζηλιασκόπουλος Α. (2005). Θεωρία Βελτιστοποίησης. Πανεπιστημιακές Σημειώσεις, Πανεπιστημιακές Εκδόσεις Θεσσαλίας.

Ξηρόκωστας Δ. (1999). Επιχειρησιακή Έρευνα - Μη Γραμμικός και Δυναμικός Προγραμματισμός. Εκδόσεις Συμμετρία, Αθήνα.

Ροβιθάκης Γ.Α. (2007). Τεχνικές Βελτιστοποίησης, Εκδόσεις Α. Τζιόλα & Υιοί Α.Ε.

Hillier F.S. & Lieberman, G.J., (1984). Εισαγωγή στην επιχειρησιακή έρευνα, Τόμοι Α-Γ. Μετάφραση Γ. Οικονόμου. Εκδόσεις Παπαζήση.

Hillier F.S., Lieberman G.J., (2001). Introduction to Operations Research. McGraw-Hill.

Rardin R.L., (2016). Optimization in operations research, Pearson.

Taha H., (2011). Introduction to Operations Research. Μετάφραση στα ελληνικά, Εκδόσεις Α. Τζιόλα & Υιοί Ο.Ε.

Winston W.L., Venkataramanan M., (2002). Introduction to Mathematical Programming. Duxbury Press.

- Related scientific journals:

- Annals of Operations Research
- Computational Optimization and Applications
- Computers and Industrial Engineering
- Computers and Operations Research
- Discrete Optimization
- Engineering Optimization
- European Journal of Industrial Engineering
- European Journal of Operational Research
- INFORMS Journal on Computing
- International Transactions in Operational Research
- Journal of Global Optimization
- Journal of Industrial and Management Optimization
- Journal of Optimization Theory and Applications
- Journal of the Operational Research Society
- Management Science
- Mathematical and Computer Modelling
- Mathematical Methods of Operations Research
- Mathematical Programming
- Mathematics of Operations Research
- Naval Research Logistics
- Operational Research
- Operations Research
- Operations Research Letters
- Optimization
- Optimization and Engineering
- Optimization Letters
- Optimization Methods and Software
- OR Spectrum
- RAIRO Operations Research
- SIAM Journal on Optimization